

Current Transducer LTS 6-NP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).











Ele	ectrical data			
I _{PN}	Primary nominal current rms		6	At
I _{PM}	Primary current, measuring range		0 ± 19.2	At
Î _P	Overload capability		250	At
V _{OUT}	Output voltage (Analog) @ I _P		$2.5 \pm (0.625)$	5-I _P /I _{PN}) V
	$\mathbf{I}_{P} = 0$		2.5 1)	V
G	Sensitivity		104.16	mV/A
$N_{_{\mathrm{S}}}$	Number of secondary turns (± 0.1 %)			2000
\mathbf{R}_{L}^{T}	Load resistance		≥ 2	kΩ
$R_{_{\mathrm{IM}}}$	Internal measuring resistance (± 0.5 %)		208.33	Ω
TCR_{IM}	Temperature coefficient of R _{IM}		< 50	ppm/K
\mathbf{V}_{c}	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		5	V
I _C	Current consumption @ $V_c = 5 \text{ V}$	Тур	$28+I_{S}^{2)}+(V_{OU}$	$_{T}/\mathbf{R}_{L})mA$

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data					
X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		± 0.2	2	%
	Accuracy with $\mathbf{R}_{\text{IM}} @ \mathbf{I}_{\text{PN}}$, $\mathbf{T}_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		± 0.	7	%
$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\scriptscriptstyle \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$	Linearity error	1111 1111 11		1	%
			Тур	Maxi	
TCV	Temperature coefficient of $\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}} @ \mathbf{I}_{\text{P}} = 0$	- 10°C + 85°C	80	200	ppm/K
00.		- 40°C 10°C		250	ppm/K
TCG	Temperature coefficient of G	- 40°C + 85°C		50 ³⁾	ppm/K
\mathbf{V}_{OM}	Residual voltage @ $I_p = 0$, after an ove	rload of 3 x I _{PN}		± 0.5	mV
	·	5 x I _{PN}		± 2.0	mV
		10 x I _{PN}		± 2.0	mV
t _{ra}	Reaction time @ 10 % of I _{PN}		< 10	00	ns
t,	Response time to 90 % of I _{PN} step		< 40	00	ns
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed		> 15	5	A/µs

	(- 0.5 1 dB)	DC 200	kHz
	General data		
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 85	°C
T _s	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 100	°C
	Insulating material group	III a	
m	Mass	10	g
	Standards 4)	EN 50178: 1997	
		IEC 60950-1: 2001	ſ

Notes: 1) Absolute value @ $T_A = 25$ °C, 2.475 < V_{OUT} < 2.525

Frequency bandwidth (0 .. - 0.5 dB)

- ²⁾ $I_S = I_P / N_S$
- 3) Only due to TCR
- ⁴⁾ Specification according to IEC 61000-4-3 are not guaranteed between 95 and 110 MHz (value higher by 5% than the specification).

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) multirange current transducer using the Hall effect
- · Unipolar voltage supply
- Compact design for PCB mounting
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Incorporated measuring resistance
- Extended measuring range.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Very low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- · Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.

Copyright protected.

BW

DC .. 100

kHz



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Iso	Isolation characteristics				
$\hat{f V}_{f w}^{f d}$	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3	kV		
V _w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs	> 8	kV		
.,		Mini			
$\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{e}}}$	Rms voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10pC	> 1.5	kV		
		Mini			
dCp	Creepage distance 5)	15.5	m m		
dCl	Clearance distance 6)	6.35	m m		
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group III a)	175			

Application examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathbf{w}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced isolation	300 V	300 V

Notes: 5) On housing

⁶⁾ On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

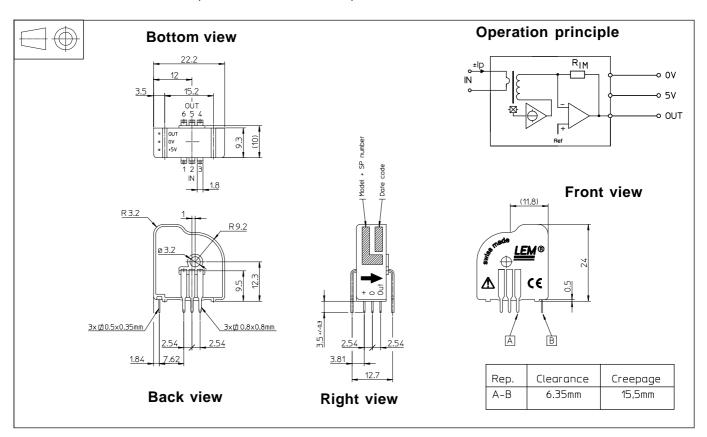
This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LTS 6-NP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Number of primary turns	Primary nominal current rms I _{PN} [A]	Nominal output voltage \mathbf{V}_{OUT} [V]	Primary resistance \mathbf{R}_{P} [$\mathrm{m}\Omega$]	Primary insertion inductance L _P [μH]	Recommended connections
1	± 6	2.5 ± 0.625	0.18	0.013	6 5 4 OUT O
2	± 3	2.5 ± 0.625	0.81	0.05	6 5 4 OUT O-O O IN 1 2 3
3	± 2	2.5 ± 0.625	1.62	0.12	6 5 4 OUT O O O IN 1 2 3

Mechanical characteristics

• General tolerance ± 0.2 mm

Fastening & connection of primary
 Recommended PCB hole
 6 pins 0.8 x 0.8 mm
 1.3 mm

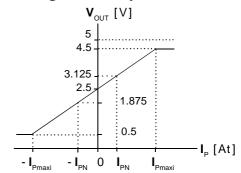
• Fastening & connection of secondary 3 pins 0.5 x 0.35 mm Recommended PCB hole 0.8 mm

• Additional primary through-hole Ø 3.2 mm

Remarks

- \mathbf{V}_{OUT} is positive when \mathbf{I}_{P} flows from terminals 1, 2, 3 to terminals 6, 5, 4.
- Temperature of the primary jumper should not exceed 100°C.

Output Voltage - Primary Current



Page 3/3